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Association of polycystic ovary syndrome with metabolic syndrome and its component in adolescents: A systematic review and meta-analysis

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ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Support - None.

Review Stage at time of this submission - Data analysis.

Conflicts of interest - None declared.

INPLASY registration number: INPLASY2025100048

Amendments - This protocol was registered with the International Platform of Registered Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis Protocols (INPLASY) on 14 October 2025 and was last updated on 14 October 2025.

INTRODUCTION

Review question / Objective This study aims to perform a systematic review and meta-analysis to clarify the risk of MetS and its individual metabolic abnormalities in adolescents with PCOS.

Condition being studied Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) is a prevalent endocrine and metabolic disorder among adolescent females, while metabolic syndrome (MetS) represents a major precursor to cardiovascular disease and type 2 diabetes. However, the strength of the association between PCOS and MetS, as well as its core components, in adolescents remains unclear.

METHODS

Search strategy

PubMed:

#1 (polycystic ovary syndrome[MeSH Terms]) OR (polycystic ovar* syndrome[Title/Abstract]) OR

(PCOS[Title/Abstract]) OR (Stein-Leventhal syndrome[Title/Abstract])

#2 (adolescent[MeSH Terms]) OR (adolescen*[Title/Abstract]) OR (teen*[Title/Abstract]) OR (girl*[Title/Abstract]) OR (young women[Title/Abstract]) OR (pediatric[Title/Abstract]) OR (paediatric[Title/Abstract])

#3 (metabolic syndrome[MeSH Terms]) OR (metabolic syndrome[Title/Abstract]) OR (syndrome X[Title/Abstract]) OR (dysmetabolic syndrome[Title/Abstract])

#4 (insulin resistance[MeSH Terms]) OR (insulin resistan*[Title/Abstract]) OR (hyperinsulinism[Title/Abstract])

#5 (obesity[MeSH Terms]) OR (obes*[Title/Abstract]) OR (overweight[Title/Abstract]) OR (body mass index[Title/Abstract]) OR (BMI[Title/Abstract]) OR (adipos*[Title/Abstract])

#6 (dyslipidemias[MeSH Terms]) OR (dyslipidemia[Title/Abstract]) OR (hyperlipidemia[Title/Abstract]) OR (hypertriglyceridemia[Title/Abstract]) OR (lipid*[Title/Abstract]) OR (cholesterol[Title/

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Abstract]) OR (triglyceride*[Title/Abstract]) OR (HDL[Title/Abstract]) OR (LDL[Title/Abstract])

#7 (glucose intolerance[MeSH Terms]) OR (glucose intoleran*[Title/Abstract]) OR (impaired fasting glucose[Title/Abstract]) OR (impaired glucose tolerance[Title/Abstract]) OR (hyperglycemia[Title/Abstract])

#8 (hypertension[MeSH Terms]) OR (hypertension[Title/Abstract]) OR (high blood pressure[Title/Abstract]) OR (blood pressure[Title/Abstract])

#9 #3 OR #4 OR #5 OR #6 OR #7 OR #8 #10 #1 AND #2 AND #9

EmBase:

#1 exp polycystic ovary syndrome/

#2 (polycystic ovar* syndrome or PCOS or Stein-Leventhal syndrome).ti,ab,kf.

#3 1 or 2

#4 exp adolescent/

#5 (adolescen* or teen* or girl* or "young wom?n" or pediatric or paediatric).ti,ab,kf.

#6 4 or 5

#7 exp metabolic syndrome/

#8 (metabolic syndrome or syndrome X or dysmetabolic syndrome).ti,ab,kf.

#9 exp insulin resistance/

#10 (insulin resistan* or insulin sensitiv* or hyperinsulin?emi*).ti,ab,kf.

#11 exp obesity/

#12 (obes* or overweight or "body mass index" or BMI or adipos*).ti,ab,kf.

#13 exp dyslipidemia/

#14 (dyslipid?emi* or hyperlipid?emi* or hypertriglycerid?emi* or lipid* or cholesterol or triglyceride* or HDL or LDL or "high density lipoprotein" or "low density lipoprotein").ti,ab,kf.

#15 exp glucose intolerance/ or exp impaired glucose tolerance/ or exp hyperglycemia/

#16 ("glucose intoleran*" or "impaired fasting glucose" or "impaired glucose tolerance" or hyperglyc?emi*).ti,ab,kf.

#17 exp hypertension/

#18 (hypertension or "high blood pressure" or "blood pressure").ti,ab,kf.

#19 7 or 8 or 9 or 10 or 11 or 12 or 13 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 #20 3 and 6 and 19

Cochrane library:

#1 (polycystic ovar* syndrome OR PCOS) AND (adolescen* OR teen* OR girl* OR pediatric) #2 (metabolic syndrome OR "insulin resistan*" OR obes* OR dyslipidemia OR hypertensi*) #3 #1 AND #2

Web of Science:

#1 TS=((polycystic ovar* syndrome) OR PCOS OR "Stein-Leventhal syndrome")

#2 TS=((adolescen*) OR teen* OR girl* OR "young women" OR pediatric OR paediatric)

#3 TS=((metabolic syndrome) OR "syndrome X" OR "insulin resistan*" OR obes* OR overweight OR BMI OR dyslipidemia OR cholesterol OR triglyceride* OR "glucose intoleran*" OR hypertension)

#4 #1 AND #2 AND #3.

Participant or population Female adolescents aged 10-20 years, with the PCOS group diagnosed according to internationally recognized criteria such as the Rotterdam Criteria, NIH criteria, ESHRE/ASRM guidelines, the 2023 International Evidence-based Guideline, or AE-PCOS Society Criteria for Adolescents.

Intervention PCOS group.

Comparator Non-PCOS group.

Study designs to be included Published observational studies, including cross-sectional, case-control, or cohort designs.

Eligibility criteria Studies were included if they met the following criteria: (1) Population: female adolescents aged 10-20 years, with the PCOS group diagnosed according to internationally recognized criteria such as the Rotterdam Criteria, NIH criteria, ESHRE/ASRM guidelines, the 2023 International Evidence-based Guideline, or AE-PCOS Society Criteria for Adolescents; (2) Study design: published observational studies, including cross-sectional, case-control, or cohort designs; and (3) Outcomes: the primary outcome was the incidence of MetS; secondary outcomes included incidence or association measures for individual MetS components.

Information sources PubMed, Embase, the Cochrane Library, and Web of Science.

Main outcome(s) the primary outcome was the incidence of MetS.

Additional outcome(s) Incidence or association measures for individual MetS components.

Quality assessment / Risk of bias analysis The quality of included studies was assessed using the Newcastle-Ottawa Scale (NOS) across three domains: "selection of study subjects" (4 items), "comparability between groups" (2 items), and "outcome/exposure measurement" (3 items).

Strategy of data synthesis Given that the included studies were primarily cross-sectional and case-control in design, odds ratios (ORs) with 95% confidence intervals (CIs) were used to express the association between PCOS and MetS. Weighted mean differences (WMDs) with 95% CIs were applied for comparisons of continuous variables between groups. All meta-analyses were performed using random-effects models to account for potential heterogeneity among studies.

Subgroup analysis Subgroup analyses were performed based on study design, geographical region, PCOS diagnostic criteria, MetS diagnostic criteria, and study quality. Differences in association strength across subgroups were tested using an interaction t-test, which assumes normal distribution of the data.

Sensitivity analysis Sensitivity analysis was conducted by sequentially excluding each study and re-pooling the effect sizes to evaluate the stability of the results.

Language restriction No restriction.

Country(ies) involved China.

Keywords polycystic ovary syndrome; metabolic syndrome; adolescents; systematic review; metaanalysis.

Contributions of each author

Author 1 - Yuhui Tu.

Author 2 - Yafei Chen.

Author 3 - Jianwei Zhang.

Author 4 - Jiaping Bao.

Author 5 - Jianbo Lou.