INPLASY

INPLASY202510101

doi: 10.37766/inplasy2025.1.0101

Received: 24 January 2025

Published: 24 January 2025

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The Premature Ovarian Failure

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ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Support - Supported by persoinal funds.

Review Stage at time of this submission - Data analysis.

Conflicts of interest - None declared.

INPLASY registration number: INPLASY202510101

Amendments - This protocol was registered with the International Platform of Registered Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis Protocols (INPLASY) on 24 January 2025 and was last updated on 24 January 2025.

INTRODUCTION

Review question / Objective POF is a risk condition early detectable by clinical evaluation?

Background To review the epidemiological data and investigate genetic, immunological, and surgical factors contributing to premature ovarian failure (POF), as well as explore the impact of chemotherapy and ovarian pathologies such as endometriosis and cysts.

Rationale Identification of risk factors, genetic predispositions, and clinical implications of POF.

METHODS

Strategy of data synthesis Analyze all the clinical affordable risk factors detection to give the

opportunity to preserve prospective fertility. PubMed, Scopus, and Web of Science were used.

Eligibility criteria Epidemiology, genetic mutations, immunological disorders, and surgical outcomes linked to POF.

Source of evidence screening and selection Academic research and clinical insights from multidisciplinary contributors. : Identification of risk factors, genetic predispositions, and clinical implications of POF.

Data management Review of literature concerning epidemiology, genetic mutations, immunological disorders, and surgical outcomes linked to POF.

Reporting results / Analysis of the evidence The prevalence of POF of women under 40. Genetic

factors, particularly mutations alongside autoimmune diseases. Chemotherapy is a leading iatrogenic cause, while endometriosis and ovarian cyst surgeries significantly contribute to diminished ovarian reserve.

Presentation of the results Tables and figure.

Language restriction English.

Country(ies) involved Europe - 1. CHUV Lausanne - DÉPARTEMENT D'HÔPITAL Maternité / Gynécologie et obstétrique. Avenue Pierre Decker 2, 1011 Lausanne (Switzerland).

Other relevant information The issue have an important social role in protecting that women

Keywords Premature ovarian failure, epidemiology, genetic causes, chemotherapy, immunological causes, ovarian surgery.

Dissemination plans Scientific paper.

Contributions of each author

Author 1 - Franbcesco Maria Bulletti conceptualized and supervised the study. Email: bulletti@icloud.com Author 2 - Maurizio Guido - contributed to the epidemiological analysis. Email: maurizioguido@libero.it Author 3 - Antonio Palagiano - contributed to data collection and the analysis of immunological causes.

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