INPLASY

Umbrella Review of the Effectiveness of Suicide Prevention in Latin America

INPLASY2023110028

doi: 10.37766/inplasy2023.11.0028

Received: 06 November 2023

Published: 06 November 2023

Corresponding author:

Thomas Huggins

thomas.huggins@udem.edu

Author Affiliation:

University of Monterrey.

Huggins, TJ¹; Martinez Chapa, S²; Rios Gonzalez, D³; Ortega Cantú, MT⁴; Gonzalez Pulido, DE⁵; Ullauri Ugarte, MP⁶.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Support - Universidad de Monterrey.

Review Stage at time of this submission - Formal screening of search results against eligibility criteria.

Conflicts of interest - None declared.

INPLASY registration number: INPLASY2023110028

Amendments - This protocol was registered with the International Platform of Registered Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis Protocols (INPLASY) on 06 November 2023 and was last updated on 06 November 2023.

INTRODUCTION

Review question / Objective Identify the evidence surrounding the effectiveness of suicide prevention programmes and activities in Latin American cultural contexts.

Rationale Suicide is a growing problem in the Americas. While other regions of the world have reported a decline in suicidality, suicide rates are only rising in many parts of North, Central and South America. This is particularly challenging for Latin American countries, with specific cultural contexts that are often not addressed in high quality, peer-reviewed research. This umbrella review aims to summarize the scientific evidence for suicide prevention activities and programmes in these contexts.

Condition being studied Suicide and suicidal ideation in Latin American populations.

METHODS

Participant or population Latin American populations in general.

Intervention Any intervention to prevent suicide and suicidal ideation.

Comparator Not applicable.

Study designs to be included Systematic Reviews.

Eligibility criteria Includes results for Latin American populations.

Information sources Electronic databases: Web of Science; Scopus; ProQuest.

Main outcome(s) Effect on suicidality.

Quality assessment / Risk of bias analysis PRISMA requirements.

Strategy of data synthesis Descriptive synthesis of Population, Intervention, Comparison, and Outcome.

Subgroup analysis By gender, age, and geographical categories.

Sensitivity analysis Not applied.

Language restriction English and Spanish language.

Country(ies) involved México.

Keywords sucide; prevention; umbrella review.

Contributions of each author

Author 1 - Thomas Huggins.

Email: thomas.huggins@udem.edu

Author 2 - Sofia Martinez Chapa.

Author 3 - Daniela Rios Gonzalez.

Author 4 - Maria Teresa Ortega Cantú.

Author 5 - Diana Estefanie Gonzalez Pulido.

Author 6 - María Paulina Ullauri Ugarte.