# INPLASY PROTOCOL

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### Corresponding author: Xiangfeng Yang

1359621514@qq.com

#### **Author Affiliation:**

The Second Affiliated Clinical Medical College of Harbin Medical University.

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Conflicts of interest: None declared.

## INTRODUCTION

**Review question / Objective:** The objective of this study was to assess the clinical outcomes of machine perfusion for liver transplantation, using the selected study method RCTs Condition being studied: The prognosis of different perfusion methods on patients was analyzed.

## **METHODS**

Participant or population: 737 patients.

**Review question / Objective:** The objective of this study was to assess the clinical outcomes of machine perfusion for liver transplantation, using the selected study method RCTs

Effectiveness of Machine Perfusion Used in Liver Transplantation: A Meta-analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials (RCTs)

Yang, XF<sup>1</sup>; Li, YL<sup>2</sup>; Li, YZ<sup>3</sup>; Guo, Q<sup>4</sup>; Zhong, XY<sup>5</sup>.

**Condition being studied:** The prognosis of different perfusion methods on patients was analyzed.

**Eligibility criteria:** low-quality and non-randomised controlled trials; The participants were not patients who had received liver transplantation; No studies of these outcomes were studied. Conference report literature, animal experiment research, case review research, review articles, etc.

**INPLASY registration number:** This protocol was registered with the International Platform of Registered Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis Protocols (INPLASY) on 04 November 2022 and was last updated on 04 November 2022 (registration number INPLASY2022110018).

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Intervention: Clinical outcomes of different mechanical perfusion methods.

**Comparator:** Different perfusion methods.

Study designs to be included: Meta Analysis.

Eligibility criteria: low-quality and nonrandomised controlled trials; The participants were not patients who had received liver transplantation; No studies of these outcomes were studied. Conference report literature, animal experiment research, case review research, review articles, etc.

Information sources: PubMed、Web of Science、EMBASE and ect.

Main outcome(s): Postoperative complications.

Quality assessment / Risk of bias analysis: The Cochrane Handbook assesses the risk of bias of included articlesCochrane.

Strategy of data synthesis: eterogeneity between studies was assessed using the I2 and X2 tests. If P>0.1 or I2≤50%, we did not consider the results of the included studies to show significant heterogeneity; Data were pooled using a fixed-effect model. P50% may be considered substantially heterogeneous; Sources of heterogeneity were analysed and data were combed using a random-effects model.

Subgroup analysis: They are grouped according to different perfusion methods.

**Sensitivity analysis:** The stata software performs sensitivity analysis to reflect the sensitivity of an article by removing the change in the effect size of that article.

Country(ies) involved: China.

Keywords: Machine perfusion; Liver transplantation; Cold storage; Postoperative complications; Metaanalysis; Randomized controlled trials.

#### Contributions of each author:

- Author 1 Xiangfeng Yang. Author 2 - Yunlong Li. Author 3 - Yuanzhe Li. Author 4 - Qing Guo.
- Author 5 Xiangyu zhong.